



my.eir.ie

HTTP Traffic and Exposed API

Summary

The my.eir.ie website contains a number of recently detected security vulnerabilities potentially allowing a malicious actor to gather information about multiple Eir customers or access the account of a single Eir customer.

Background

Corrata's mobile endpoint protection service detects and blocks HTTP POSTs from Apple iOS and Android devices to Internet servers. The canonical POST contains user entered data that is generally inadvisable to send unencrypted, such as login credentials.

This protection was triggered on 23/03/2023 by one of our end-users on the my.eir.ie website.

Corrata investigated this incident. This document presents our findings.

This is not a security audit. Our primary concern was to evaluate the correctness of the alert we received. We merely documented what we found while doing so.

All issues presented can be readily discovered using only the Web Developer tools available in all major browsers.

Vulnerabilities

Summary

- 1 . Bill notification email directs the user to an http site
- 2 . Insecure login page
- 3 . Unprotected GraphQL web service

➤ **Vulnerability 1. Bill notification email directs the user to an http site**

The eir bill notification email directs the user to view their bill at <http://my.eir.ie/login>, or to find help at <http://support.eir.ie/bill/mybillexplained>. Note the http links.

This is true of both the text/plain and text/html versions.

Your new eir bill is now available to view at my eir

<<http://my.eir.ie/login>>.

Your bill amount is *€ 44.44*

Once you login to my eir, you can view and download a PDF of your bill, pay a bill and much more.

If you are set up for Direct Debit we will automatically take your payment.

If not, you can set up Direct Debit at any time in my eir.

If you need help understanding your bill we have a full bill explanation available here <<http://support.eir.ie/bill/mybillexplained>>.

```
<tr>
```

```
<td style="font-family:Helvetica,arial,sans-serif;font-size:24px;text-align:left;line-height:26px">
```

```
eir bill notification</td>
```

```
</tr>
```

```
<tr>
```

```
<td width="100%" height="5" style="font-size:1px;line-height:1px">
</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td height="20" style="font-size:1px;line-height:1px"> </td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td style="font-family:Helvetica,arial,sans-serif;font-size:16px;color:black;text-align:left;line-height:22px">
<p>Dear ,</p>
<p> </p>
<p>Your new eir bill is now available to view at <a title="my eir log in" href="http://my.eir.ie/login" style="color:00b5d5;text-decoration:underline" rel="noreferrer noopener" target="_blank">my eir</a>.</p>
<p> </p>
<p>Your bill amount is <strong>€ 44.44</strong></p>
<p> </p>
<p>Once you login to my eir, you can view and download a PDF of your bill, pay a bill and much more.</p>
<p> </p>
<p>If you are set up for Direct Debit we will automatically take your payment. If not, you can set up Direct Debit at any time in my eir.</p>
<p> </p>
<p>If you need help understanding your bill we have a full bill explanation available <a title="my bill explained" href="http://support.eir.ie/bill/mybillexplained" style="color:00b5d5;text-decoration:underline" rel="noreferrer noopener" target="_blank">here</a>.</p>
```

```
<p> </p>
```

```
<p>Many thanks,</p>
```

```
<p>eir</p>
```

```
<p> </p>
```

```
<p style="font-size:11px">Please note this is an automated email.</p></td>
```

```
</tr>
```

Impact

This allows a malicious actor on the same network as an Eir customer clicking on the link sent to them, or on the path between them and my.eir.ie, to take control of their interaction with my.eir.ie by either:

- sending them instead to a site impersonating my.eir.ie
- modifying the content returned by the initial HTTP GET request.

➤ Vulnerability 2. Insecure login page

It is standard practice to redirect the user to a secure https session first and only then serve the login page. This helps to secure the login process, and ensures the confidentiality of the login details entered by the user.

However, the <http://my.eir.ie/login> page immediately displays a dialog inviting the user to enter their email.

Doing so results in a HTTP POST to <http://my.eir.ie/graphql/> containing a GraphQL query that contains the email address.

```
{"operationName":"getBrands","variables":{"emailAddress":"john.doe@gmail.com"},"query":"query getBrands($emailAddress: String!) {\n  getBrands(emailAddress:\n    $emailAddress) {\n    brand {\n      system\n      mobileNumber\n      billType\n      title\n      __typename\n    }\n  }\n}"}
```

Alternatively, the user may click a “forgotten your email” link. This also results in an HTTP POST, this time a GraphQL query containing the phone number.

```
{"operationName":"createNumberValidaion","variables":{"number":"027123456","recaptcha":"03AKH6MRFAeHMWfsjb7UejNAHN1SZ41crDOhj1s49CsRTxb7pDnfsf4gSZqwGc2-Wx9F1k017XTBqrug5lsP9Va__xQ-vxatXfOtXWergckWEfinCdF6rV99eWveUifToSkY4o9J2HN8XoaleE9lWHVU77hsV6TJr44SJAXYDLOD3ELJ9k8YUY3CZJsl7OgDVE_r8le_O6dea3WPK0prCJvS8eaWijYLXhE2iokS2WMGzHPJMasmGFQQVZHaxK1lkhz6OtPM-99R8BjrzAPyeA4N3Dg0lv0UeJsQvKDYVmJE6nZZ4mbP-LmkMS6UhQkOKwqp0H9GO9d3cSAHomZrAiMZjy11ZWr86h9qTyczytFukja4P0Nk7aru4_T-QTVvKVuVPob1MrrhitqjQdUff3voxhfQNF6STcye5b6jjHV2BSygpMkTkJEzudOYHdOtt2sSBRKX5D7CwcSYUPL44W_iRU9vkx7t9_zSo4S9SqaFr0DQzHGxN6SEVZ1UFSWtFKy9wGAz0KKIXxE37KTzIRa_G6LiGcj1-yQ6oj8iscEPZ-ff47F_Kx6Jf3v2l6Fm3MVsojY-jQY4gsGO134QqWeY9mgBZ-oULTA"},"query":"mutation\ncreateNumberValidaion($number: String!, $recaptcha: String!) {\n  createNumberValidation(number: $number, recaptcha: $recaptcha) {\n    otpUuid\n    statusCode\n    mobileNumber\n    __typename\n  }\n}"}
```

Impact

Because the connection is still at this point unencrypted, all the above information is readable by anyone on an adjacent network.

➤ *Vulnerability 3. Unprotected GraphQL web service*

A principle of login page design is that it should reveal the least possible amount of information to a malicious actor attempting to login. Descriptive error messages are frowned upon, as “unknown user” versus “incorrect password” helps the would-be attacker. This principle is not followed here, as the email address is validated on its own first. But that is not the real problem.

The real problem is that the way this is done by the my.eir.ie page is to expose an unauthenticated worldwide accessible GraphQL web service endpoint that not only validates the user, but also reveals information about them when successful.

The email validation POST described above results, when successful, in a response that contains not just whether the email address is that of an Eir customer, but also the last 4 digits of their phone number and a “billType” field.

```
{"data":{"getBrands":{"brand":{"system":"portal","mobileNumber":"***-  
***4567","billType":"Fixed_Bill","title":null,"__typename":"Brands"}}, "__typename":"Bra  
nd"}}
```

Impact

A malicious actor could retrieve information about known Eir customers from anywhere on the Internet.

Responsible Disclosure

In accordance with Corrata’s Responsible Disclosure, Eir was notified. They have since indicated that those vulnerabilities have been resolved to their satisfaction.
